

## LOCAL VALIDATION CHECKLIST FOR FULL APPLICATIONS

Uttlesford District Council Local Validation Checklist has been prepared in accordance with the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 and the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).

Current version:	Feb 2022
Amendment:	

NATIONAL REQUIREMENTS – in line with The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended)	When required?	What is required?
Completed application form	All applications	The form must be completed in full, signed and dated. The description of the development should be concise, clear and accurately reflect all aspects of the proposal requiring planning permission.  Failure to use the correct forms will delay the application and make it invalid.  An ownership certificate A, B, C or D must be completed stating the ownership of the property.  Certificate A should be completed if you are the owner of the building / land or you have a freehold interest or leasehold interest with at least 7 years left to run. If Ownership Certificate B is completed, Notice 1 is required; If Ownership Certificate C is completed, Notices 1 and 2 are required; If Ownership Certificate D is completed, Notice 2 is required;  You must complete and submit only one certificate with your application. Please note that if the pavement in front of the site is included in the red line please complete Certificate B and serve notice on the Highways Authority if you are not the owner of the pavement.  Agricultural Holdings Certificate — even if your application is for non-agricultural use — to confirm whether or not any of the land to which the applications relates is, or is part of, an agricultural holding. Guidance on how to fill out these forms can be found at the Planning Portal web site.

Location Plan	All applications	A plan which:
		<ul> <li>Identifies the land to which the application relates (properties shown should be numbered or named to ensure that the exact location of the application site is clear).</li> <li>Is drawn to an identified metric scale (scale bar included on drawing).</li> <li>Shows the direction of North.</li> <li>Site outlined in red with a blue line around any other land owned by the applicant which is close to or adjoining the application site;</li> <li>Shows all the land necessary to carry out the development within the redoutline – for example, land required to access the site from a public highway to where it meets the road, visibility splays, landscaping, car parking and open areas around buildings.</li> <li>Is based on an up-to-date map. This should be at an identified scale of 1:1250 or 1:2500</li> <li>Should wherever possible show at least two named roads surrounding buildings.</li> </ul>
Block Plan	All applications – except for window replacements, shopfronts, advertisement.	

Design and Access Statement (DAS)	All 'major' applications or Listed Building Consent applications or where within a Conservation Area & comprises: A) Erection of one or more houses or: B) Erection of building(s) with 100m2 or more floorspace	<ul> <li>A Design and Access Statement, proportionate to the scale of the development. The document should be visual, using diagrams, sketches, plans and photographs to explain the evolution of the proposals where appropriate. All design and access statements must: <ul> <li>Explain the design principles and consents that have been applied</li> <li>Demonstrate the steps taken to appraise the context of the development and how its design takes that context into account</li> <li>Explain the access approach proposed, and how policies relating to access have been taken into account</li> <li>State what, if any, consultation has been undertaken on issues relating to access to the development and what account has been taken of the outcome of any such consultation; and explain how any specific issues which might affect access have been addressed. This should include the outcome of any formal Design Reviews undertaken.</li> </ul> </li> <li>In addition: <ul> <li>Where a site is located within a Conservation Area, reference to this must be included within the Statements as must any Statutory Listing or designation.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Planning Fee	All applications with a fee	

## **Local Validation Requirements (Local List)**

## Plans / Elevations / Section Drawings - General Guidance for All Drawings and Plans

In addition to the Location Plan and Block Plan as referred to above, all drawings (excluding supplementary renders or sketches) must include:

- A title and drawing number (with the relevant revision number as necessary)
- The paper size
- A recognised scale (1:0, 1:100, 1:200, 1:500, 1:1250 or 1:2500), and including scale bar and identifying the relevant scale at that print size (e.g. 1:50 at A3 or 1:100 at A3) the wording 'do not scale' should not be used (unless in the form 'do not scale, except for planning purposes').
- The proposed development shown in relation to the site boundaries and other existing buildings on the site;
- Neighbouring properties and neighbouring windows must always be shown on plans, elevations and sections (both existing and proposed);
- Existing and proposed ground levels must always be shown for any extensions or new buildings. Where demolition is proposed, the extent of the proposed demolition should be clearly hatched and shown on a separate set of drawings
- For major applications, existing and proposed plans must be shown on separate drawings (unless amendments are proposed);
- For householder and minor applications both the proposed and existing plans can be shown on the same plans;
- When submitting documents electronically ensure these are pdfs and ensure that the embedded documents are of one size only (e.g. A4 or A3)

For additional plans and documents the level of detail provided should be proportionate to the scale / complexity of the development.

Drawing Type	When required?	What is required?
1a. Elevations (Existing and Proposed)	Required for all applications that involve building works (including changes of use).	<ul> <li>Plans must:</li> <li>Be at an appropriate scale usually 1:50 or 1:100 for householder and minor applications. A SCALE BAR MUST BE INCLUDED ON ALL DRAWINGS.</li> <li>Be included for all elevations affected, including blank elevations (if no external changes are proposed, plans should be annotated clearly to reflect this);</li> <li>Show the full elevation of a building (i.e. applications involving flats which form part of a larger converted property must provide plans showing the entire elevation of the building);</li> <li>Show the relationship to neighbouring buildings and show the positions of windows and doors on all buildings</li> <li>Identifies the highway boundary (Highway boundary can be obtained from highways.Status@essexhighways.org for more information go to https://www.essexhighways.org/highway-schemes-and-developments/adoptions-and-land/highway-status-enquiries)</li> </ul>
1b. Floor Plans (Existing and Proposed, including roof plans)	Applications that involve building works (including changes of use)	<ul> <li>Plans must:</li> <li>Be at an appropriate scale, usually 1:50 or 1:100 for householder and minor applications</li> <li>Show details of existing building(s)</li> <li>Show the proposed building including each floor and roof</li> <li>Be included for all floors, including floors where there are no changes proposed</li> <li>Show the site boundary and the outline of any existing neighbouring buildings;</li> <li>Show any existing buildings or walls which are to be demolished and show cycle parking arrangements (including annotation stating the number of cycle stands)</li> <li>Show internal storage and proposed refuse storage facilities.</li> </ul>

		Applications proposing new residential accommodation, including conversion, must state room sizes and overall unit sizes on the plans (Gross Internal Area).
1c. Sections (Existing and Proposed)	Proposals for new and altered buildings and/or changes in ground levels, or on sloping sites or involving roof level accommodation	<ul> <li>Plans must: <ul> <li>Be at 1:50 or 1:100</li> <li>Show cross sections through the site and buildings indicating details of existing site levels and finished floor levels</li> <li>Show the proposals in relation to neighbouring buildings</li> <li>Section through a building should include all floors, including the basement, loft / roof space, along with any terraces.</li> </ul> </li> <li>In case of householder development and works to individual flats, the levels may be evident from floor plans and elevations. However, in the case of sloping sites it will be necessary to show how proposals relate to existing ground levels or where ground levels outside the extension would be modified.</li> <li>For major applications and shopfronts within Conservation Areas, plans at 1:10 or 1: 5 should be provided to show typical window joinery / sections, entrances and balconies.</li> </ul>
2. Drawings relating to Amendment	Minor Material (section 73)	Must include:
Applications	Amendments Or Non-material Amendments (section 96a)	<ul> <li>A full update or revision of the originally approved plans where changes occur, including proposed plans, elevations and sections, being annotated or marked up to highlight the proposed changes</li> <li>Copies of the originally approved plans / elevations /section for information</li> <li>Plans must include all information and clarifications originally included on the approved plans</li> <li>In regard to minor amendments, if the original application was EIA development, please see further guidance for Environmental Statements.</li> </ul>

Supporting Statements / Information				
Requirement	Which applications?	What is required?	Justification	
Visibility Splays	Any application where a new access is proposed or an alteration to an access.	A drawing showing the visibility splay in accordance with the signed speed of the road.	NPPF	
Affordable Housing Statement	Residential development of:  15 or more dwellings and is not a reserved matter	Statements should include information on affordable and market housing including:  Number of residential units: Number of affordable units; Mix of units with numbers of habitable rooms and /or bedrooms and the floorspace of habitable areas; Tenure of units; A plan showing the location of the affordable units with details of habitable rooms / bedrooms and floorspace of habitable areas; Details of any Registered Social Landlords acting as partners in the development. Amenity space in square metres Size of any communal area — where applicable Whether the property is either wheelchair adaptable or wheelchair accessible  If the level of affordable housing proposed on site is less than the policy requirement, this will need to be justified and will require a Viability Assessment / Appraisal (see below) to	Planning Practice Guidance  Uttlesford Local Plan	

Air Quality Impact Assessment	Development that may	It should include:	NPPF
7 th Quality impact / tooccomone	increase levels of air	A description of baseline conditions and how these could	' ' ' '
	pollution, particularly where	change	Planning Practice
	it would:	Assessment methods to be adopted and any requirements	Guidance
	<ul> <li>Lead to a significant</li> </ul>	around verification of modelling air quality	
	increase in congestion or	The basis for assessing impact and determining the	Interim Climate
	HGV movements	significance of an impact	Change Planning
	<ul> <li>Include significant car</li> </ul>	A measure of impacts upon areas with existing poor air	Policy
	parking	quality / sensitive locations	
	• Emit dust	A measure of impacts upon the amenity and health of	
	Introduce sensitive	occupiers and neighbours	
	receptors e.g. dwellings,	Proposed remedial or mitigation measures, including during	
	schools and hospitals,	construction phases	
	into an area of existing	construction phases	
	poor air quality.	The assessment should be carried out by a suitably qualified	
	processing.	air quality consultant.	
Archaeological Assessment	Where the site includes, or	Desk based assessment and Field Evaluation where the	NPPF
, worked one ground recognition	has the potential to include,		
	a heritage asset of	The state of the s	
	archaeological interest.		
Biodiversity Survey and Report	All applications	For MAJOR developments you must complete and submit	NPPF
		Essex County Council's biodiversitychecklist15essex2018.pdf	
Please put any information relating		(placeservices.co.uk)	Planning Practice
to Badgers in a separate document			Guidance
because this information has to		Minor developments you must complete and submit	
remain confidential.		UDC Minor Development Biodiversity Checklist1.pdf	Requirements of the
		(uttlesford.gov.uk)	Habitats
			Regulations (The
		All applications within the Zone of Influence for protected	Conservation of
		coastal sites included in the Essex Coast RAMS where there	Habitats and
		will be a net increase in residential units	Species Regulations
		Uttlesford District Council - Essex Coast Recreational	2017 (as amended))
		disturbance Avoidance and Mitigation	and the need for

		Applications that require ecology reports shall be supported by an adequate survey and, where ecological reports recommend that further surveys may be necessary, the results of these surveys and details of any mitigation should also be provided prior to validation. The findings of the report shall be available as part of the application submission details displayed on the website.  All Ecology reports shall meet the requirements of BS42020 and CIEEM's Advice Note on the age of data – reports over 12 months old will need to be updated  Essex Coast Recreational Disturbance Avoidance and Mitigation Strategy (RAMS)  CIEEM Advice Note 'On the Lifespan of Ecological Reports and Surveys' (April 2019) Advice-Note.pdf (cieem.net)	sufficient information to assess relevant plans or projects in the context of Habitats sites.
Community Engagement	MAJOR developments of 10 dwellings or more, including sheltered housing  Retail development of 1,000sqm or more  Large road schemes  And other developments of 1,000sqm or more likely to generate significant public interest.	Submission of a report outlining what public consultation has been undertaken and how the results have been taken into account in the application.	NPPF Uttlesford District Council Statement of Community Involvement
Daylight / Sunlight Assessment	Major development:  • Where there is a potential adverse impact upon the	It should identify and examine the impacts upon existing properties and sites with extant planning permissions and demonstrate that the proposed development would provide	NPPF Planning Practice

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	current levels of sunlight	adequate levels of amenity in regard to daylight, sunlight and	Guidance
	and daylight enjoyed by	overshadowing.	
	neighbouring properties,	The assessment should conform to the methodology identifies	
	including associated	in the Building Research Establishment guidance 'Site layout	
	gardens or amenity	planning for daylight and sunlight; A guide to good practice'	
	space.	(2011). All submissions must include an overshadowing study,	
	<ul> <li>Where the site is subject</li> </ul>	showing shadow diagrams at different times of the day and	
	to potential adverse	throughout the year.	
	impact from adjoining		
	buildings or features, or	The report should be prepared by a suitably qualified	
	Where one part of the	professional.	
	development is affected		
	by another part of the		
	same developments.		
Economic Statement	Any application that creates	This Statement should include:	NPPF
	new employment uses or	<ul> <li>Existing and proposed job numbers on site</li> </ul>	
	results in the loss of	<ul> <li>Existing and proposed floorspace for each proposed use</li> </ul>	Planning Practice
	existing employment uses.	(where known)	Guidance
		• Any community benefit	
		The loss of employment land	
		Any evidence that jobs would be replaced in other	
		employment locations	
		Where employment uses on site would not be replaced in	
		other employment locations, evidence to show:	
		- How long the land has been subject to marketing (related	
		to any policy requirements regarding the form and period	
		of marketing)	
		- Why the site is no longer suitable for employment use,	
		including	
		- The accessibility, condition and suitability of the premises	
		for employment, including its environmental impact of the	
		area and the cost of remediation.	
		- Any proposals for improving employment skills.	

Energy / Sustainability Assessment	Commercial development involving 1000m2 or more	For all new building development (residential and non-residential development)	NPPF
	Or Residential sites of 0.5ha or 10 dwellings upwards	<ul> <li>Evidence demonstrating how the proposed development will, both pre and post construction address energy and water consumption, reduce transport impacts and use of sustainably sourced materials</li> <li>Evidence demonstrating how the proposed building(s) will reduce the CO2 emissions of the entire scheme</li> </ul>	Planning Practice Guidance
		For all applications proposing the conversion of existing buildings to residential use:  • A statement demonstrating energy efficiency measures and details of how these will be delivered as far as practically possible within the scale of the development proposed	
		For all applications proposing the large-scale extension of existing buildings and applications for the conversion of non-residential buildings:  A statement demonstrating energy efficiency measures and details of how these will be delivered as far as practically possible within the scale of the development proposed and	
		the BREEAM level that would be achieved.  Waste & Recycling  All applications should set out how waste collection and	
		recycling facilities will be provided. Large scale major developments (50 plus homes, or 5,000m2 upwards of new commercial floorspace) should demonstrate that the relevant waste collecting authority has been consulted on the final form of facilities proposed.	
Flood Risk Assessment	Development either:  • In flood zone 2 or 3	A site specific flood risk guidance can be found - Flood risk and coastal change - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)	NPPF
	including minor development and	The flood risk assessment should:	Planning Practice Guidance

	<ul> <li>change of use</li> <li>More than 1ha in flood zone 1</li> <li>Less than 1ha in flood zone 1, including change of use in development type to a more vulnerable class (for example from commercial to residential), where they would be affected by sources of flooding other than rivers (for example surface water drains)</li> <li>In an area within flood zone 1 which has critical drainage problems as notified by the Environment Agency</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Be undertaken by a suitably qualified specialist.</li> <li>Identify and assess the risks of all forms of flooding to and from the development;</li> <li>Demonstrate how these risks will be managed, taking into account climate change;</li> <li>Identify opportunities to reduce the probability and consequence of flooding;</li> <li>Include the design of surface water management systems including Sustainable Drainage System (SUDS)</li> <li>Address the requirements for safe access to and from the development</li> <li>National Standing Advice is available - Preparing a flood risk assessment: standing advice - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</li> <li>Completion and submission of Water Framework Directive Risk Assessment - Water Framework Directive risk assessment (publishing.service.gov.uk)</li> </ul>	Uttlesford Local Plan
Health Impact Assessment	Development of more than 200 residential units.	Set out impact on health services and promotion of healthy living	UDC Local Plan
Heritage Statement	Development which has the potential to impact designated and nondesignated heritage assets and their settings.  Designated assets include listed buildings, conservation areas, Scheduled Ancient Monuments and Historic	<ul> <li>The Heritage Statement should include:</li> <li>A description of the significance / statement of significance of the asset and a description of the contribution of their setting to that significance</li> <li>A schedule of, and justification for proposed works</li> <li>An assessment / heritage impact statement of the impact of the proposals on the asset's significance</li> <li>In the case of archaeological assets, the provision of a desk-based assessment and, where necessary, the results of a field evaluation</li> </ul>	NPPF Planning Practice Guidance UDC Local Plan

	Parks and Gardens.	A atmost used a unitary / plan if demodition is managed as the sustin	
	Parks and Gardens.	<ul> <li>A structural survey / plan if demolition is proposed or there is a threat to the structural integrity of a listed building; and</li> </ul>	
	If the proposal is within a	An explanation of how harm will be minimised and the	
	Conservation Area	significance will be preserved and enhanced.	
	Concervation 7 trea	significance will be preserved and enhanced.	
	If there is an Article 4	The level of detail should be proportionate to the importance	
	Direction on the property.	of the heritage asset.	
Land Contamination Assessment	Where:	In all cases, a preliminary risk assessment (PRA), in the form	NPPF
	<ul> <li>Contamination is known</li> </ul>	of a Phase 1 Desk Top Study including:	
	or suspected or	A description of the site and the scope of the site inspection	Planning Practice
	The proposed use is	A full review of historical land use and the potential for	Guidance
	sensitive or	contamination, contaminant type and characteristics	
	• If the site is within	Details of consultation with the relevant regulatory	Uttlesford Local
	250metres of a former	authorities	Plan
	landfill site or other	An outline Conceptual Site Model (CSM) identifying	
	potentially contaminated land.	potential risks	
	land.	If appropriate, a proposed site investigation strategy based	
		on the relevant information discovered by the desk study	
		Phase 2 – Intrusive survey on highly contaminated sites, an	
		environmental risk assessment to assess the potential for the	
		presence of contamination, associated risks and potential of	
		site to be designated as contaminated land. This assessment	
		should report:	
		Site inspection scope	
		Review of historical land use	
		Review of environmental setting	
		Qualitative environmental risk assessment	
		Review of existing relevant reports	
		All investigative works and sampling on site, together with	
		the results of analysis, risk assessment to any receptors	
		and a proposed remediation strategy with timetable that will	
		render harmless the identified contamination given the	
		proposed end-use of the site and surrounding environment	

		including any controlled waters  The report must be undertaken by a competent and qualified person.	
Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment	Major development	The Assessment should include:	NPPF
Assessment	Or Other development likely to have significant impact on the surrounding area and on the character of the site.	<ul> <li>Details of hard and soft landscaping proposals</li> <li>Details of existing landscape features to be retained and those to be removed</li> <li>Layout and specification of proposed species, their size and planting densities</li> <li>Proposals for long term maintenance and landscape proposals</li> <li>The relationship of the site as proposed and its surrounding area and any impact on its character</li> <li>The protection to be afforded to utility services, to trees and other vegetation during construction of the development.</li> <li>Where a tree survey is undertaken as part of the assessment, it should be carried out by a qualified arboriculturist and follow British Standards Guidance (BS5837).</li> </ul>	Uttlesford Local Plan
Lighting Assessment	Where external lighting or flooding is provided or made necessary by development in:  A publicly accessible place The vicinity of residential property, listed building or conservation areas The vicinity of sites of importance for wildlife and nature conservation or the open countryside and Sites adjacent to a	<ul> <li>The Assessment should include:</li> <li>A layout plan showing details of the number, type, location, size, column heights, intensity and beam orientation and a schedule of the proposed equipment.</li> <li>For areas where outdoor floodlighting is proposed a lux contour plan must be provided</li> <li>Details of any directional hoods and other mitigation equipment</li> <li>The proposed hours of operation of the lighting</li> <li>The potential impact on wildlife and</li> <li>Any potential impact on the visibility and appreciation of the night sky</li> <li>The impact on residential properties or other sensitive receptors with reference to the Institute of Lighting Professionals' Guidance Notes for the Reduction of Obtrusive Light</li> </ul>	NPPF Planning Practice Guidance Uttlesford Local Plan

	public highway		
Noise and Vibration Impact	All development involving:	The Assessment should:	NPPF
Assessment	<ul> <li>Potentially noise generating developments e.g. industrial and commercial uses</li> <li>Noise sensitive uses proposed in the vicinity of existing noise generating uses.</li> <li>Mixed use applications comprising both noise generating and noise sensitive uses and</li> <li>Noise generating uses proposed in the vicinity of areas of wildlife protection and tranquil areas.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assess existing background noise/vibration levels. Such monitoring should be sufficient to account for the worst-case scenarios.</li> <li>Predict noise/vibration levels using accepted acoustic calculations/modelling</li> <li>Assess the impact of the proposed use/development with reference to relevant standards/guidance.</li> <li>Demonstrate how the development will be designed, located and controlled to mitigate impacts, having regard to the Agent of Change principle within the NPPF, with a view to (as a minimum) achieving target values set out in relevant British Standards and Guidance</li> <li>Have regard to any air quality mitigation scheme/requirements so that both will work in harmony.</li> <li>Where commercial and residential are proposed to be developed above or below the other, include an assessment of the level of sound insulation provided by the construction that separates the commercial and residential unit(s).</li> </ul>	Planning Practice Guidance Uttlesford Local Plan
		The report must be undertaken by a competent and qualified person.	
Minerals Infrastructure Impact	All applications within		Requested by
Assessment	250m of permitted or		Essex County
	existing mineral and/or		Council Minerals &
	waste infrastructure, or		Waste
	land allocated for the		
	same. This extends to		
	400m in the case of Water Recycling Centres.		

Minerals Resource Assessment	All planning applications for development on a site located within a Minerals Safeguarding Area that is 5ha or more for sand and gravel, 3ha or more for chalk and greater than 1 dwelling for brickearth or brick clay.		Requested by Essex County Council Minerals & Waste
Parking Layouts & Turning Heads and Turning Circles (including Cycle Parking and Motorcycle parking)	All major applications and where minor development create additional parking, turning heads etc.		NPPF Uttlesford Local Plan
			ECC Parking Standards Essex Design Guide
Parking Plan	When the proposals involve the conversion of a garage to living space; increase in number of bedrooms or building over a parking space – a drawing showing		Government Guidance on Information Requirements and Validation
	proposed parking arrangement.		Uttlesford Local Plan  Uttlesford Local Residential Parking Standard Feb 2013
			ECC Parking Standards
Planning Obligations Statement (s106 Agreement)	Where planning obligations are proposed to mitigate the impact of development	<ul> <li>The Statement should include:</li> <li>Proposed Heads of Terms which will form the basis of a Section 106 agreement to be entered into in respect of the</li> </ul>	Planning Practice Guidance

	or to meet infrastructure and other policy requirements.	<ul> <li>application</li> <li>Proof of the owner's title, including all the owners of the site. For registered land, this will comprise up-to-date copies of the Register and Title Plan from the Land Registry. For unregistered land, a certified copy of the root of the title and any conveyances referred to therein.</li> <li>Names and addresses of any charges, mortgages or other holders of security of the land</li> <li>A written agreement to pay the Council's (and where appropriate, Essex County Council's) reasonable legal costs in connection with the negotiation, preparation and monitoring of the legal agreement</li> <li>Contact details if there is a solicitor acting on behalf of the applicant.</li> <li>Applicants are strongly advised to progress the discussion of these matters as part of a pre-application, so that their subsequent planning application is not delayed unnecessarily whilst these requirements are agreed.</li> </ul>	Uttlesford Local Plan
Planning Statement	All major development	<ul> <li>List all supporting documents</li> <li>Describe the site and surroundings</li> <li>Describe and explain the proposed development</li> <li>Show how it accords with the relevant national and local policy, standards, guidelines and supplementary guidance.</li> <li>Describe consultations that have taken place with the local planning authority, the wider community and statutory consultees at the pre-application stage and what account has been taken of the outcome of such consultations; and</li> <li>Include any other information that is materially relevant to the proposed development but is not included in other submission document or in a Design and Access Statement.</li> <li>Where special circumstances form part of the justification for a development, these should be clearly set out and</li> </ul>	Enables the applicant to demonstrate that the development complies with national and local policy and guidance.

		accompanied by relevant, verifiable evidence. The length and complexity of the Statement should be tailored to the scale and type of proposed development;	
Public Right of Way Plan	All applications where there is a Public Right of Way within the applicant's land, directly or indirectly affected by the proposals, or a Public Right of Way at the site's boundary.	The Public Right of Way should be displayed and clearly marked on any submitted drawings to ensure that the PROW network remains protected.	NPPF
Retail Impact Assessment and the Sequential Test			NPPF
Schedule of materials	All applications with external materials	Clear and concise schedule of proposed materials.	To prevent the need for a further application for discharge of a condition.
Statement regarding Sport/Land for sport and loss of any Sport/Land	Development affecting playing fields  Creation or loss of major sports facilities  Major residential development (e.g. 300+dwellings)	<ul> <li>Within the supporting statement</li> <li>Extent of playing field area to be lost (area in hectares)</li> <li>Reason for the chosen location and alternatives considered.</li> <li>Any proposed changes in the provision of indoor and outdoor sports facilities on the site (including ancillary facilities).</li> <li>current and recent users of the playing field and the nature and extent of their use.</li> <li>How the development fits with the findings of any relevant assessment of need and/or sports related strategy.</li> <li>How the development will be of benefit to sport (including benefit to existing and potential users).</li> <li>The specification of any ancillary facilities e.g. floodlights.</li> <li>The specification of any Artificial Grass Pitch and reason for</li> </ul>	Requested by Sports England

		<ul> <li>the chosen surface type</li> <li>How any replacement area of playing field and ancillary facilities will be delivered (including to what timescale).</li> <li>How for any replacement area of playing field, equivalent or better quality will be achieved and maintained, including: <ul> <li>a) An assessment of the performance of the existing area</li> <li>b) The programme of works (including pitch construction) for the creation of the proposed replacement area</li> </ul> </li> <li>A management and monitoring plan for the replacement area.</li> <li>In addition to the national validation requirements set out within the Government's <u>Planning Practice Guidance</u>, Sport England recommends that planning applications affecting playing field land should provide sport specific information in line with a specific checklist – see appendix 1 which needs to be completed and submitted with application in conjunction with Playing fields policy &amp; guidance.</li> </ul>	
Streetscape Drawing	All infill developments	Thay may make period at gardantee.	Uttlesford Local Plan
Structural Survey	Any application involving substantial demolition. It may also be required where there is some doubt as to the existing structural stability of a building which is proposed to be converted.	<ul> <li>The Survey shall:</li> <li>Describe, explain and illustrate the current condition of the property</li> <li>The structural problems</li> <li>The options for and cost of repair of the building</li> <li>A methodology for undertaking the proposed demolition works, demonstrating that works can be carried out safely and remaining on site or neighbouring structures are safeguarded.</li> <li>For conversions, the survey should demonstrate that the</li> </ul>	Planning Practice Guidance Uttlesford Local Plan

Requirement for all MAJOR developments.  All others are encouraged (as part of FRA or separate statement)	structure of the building is adequate to meet the needs of the new use. If the survey identifies that rebuilding work is necessary, the extent of the building work should be clearly indicated.  If substantial structural alterations to a heritage asset are proposed, it must demonstrate that they can be carried out without unacceptable risk to:  • The integrity and significance of the asset or result in the unacceptable loss of historic fabric. These requirements may also apply to alterations that appear uncontroversial but have the potential to compromise the structural integrity of the building and lead to substantial harm if not properly executed, for example, the introduction of basements.  The report must be undertaken by a competent and qualified person.  A completed SuDs Water Quantity and Quality – LLFA  Technical Assessment Proforma, which provides guidance and advice to applicants and enables Council officers to ensure that all of the required information is included. https://www.essexdesignguide.co.uk/suds/what-we-expect/proforma/	NPPF  Non-statutory technical standards for sustainable drainage systems https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/415 773/sustainable-drainage-technical-standards.pdf
		Essex SuDs guide

			or Essex Design Guide
Transport Assessments*, Transport Statements**, Travel Plans	Development that generates significant amounts of transport movement or significant transport implications.  *All major applications require Transport Assessment  ** All schemes involving 1-9 residential units or commercial floor space	This should include (see NPPG for full details):  Baseline and future years traffic assessment  Multi-modal trip analysis  Highway safety and capacity analysis  Parking assessment  Walking, cycling and public transport assessment  Measure to minimise the impact of the development  Road safety audit  Travel Plan  For smaller schemes, expected to generate relatively low numbers of trips, a Transport Statement will be sufficient. A detailed analysis of impact on the wider network would not be	NPPF  Planning Practice Guidance  Uttlesford Vehicle Parking Standards  Essex County Council Parking Standards
	over 100m2	required.  A Travel Plan will be required for Schemes that will employ 20 or more staff and Schemes comprising over 50 residential units are required unless reserved. This must set out how the reliance on the motor car will be reduced and the measures necessary to achieve that.	
Tree Survey & Report	For development affecting trees, including on site or on adjoining / neighbouring land or for works to trees	<ul> <li>For development affecting trees within, or adjoining a site:</li> <li>The species, position of tree(s) and canopy spread should be accurately shown on a site plan.</li> <li>The plan must indicate any trees which are to be felled (and replanting proposals, or the reasons for not proposing replanting), retained or affected by the proposed development.</li> <li>The location of any trees within adjacent properties that may be affected by the application should also be shown. A Statement in relation to the measures to be adopted during construction works to protect those trees shown to be</li> </ul>	Planning Practice Guidance

Litilities Course and Surface Water	Maintenante	This information should be prepared by a qualified arboriculturist. Further guidance is also provided in BS5837:2012 – Trees in Relation to Design, Demolition and Construction.  For applications relating to works to trees:  • A plan of the site is required. The plan can be hand drawn for smaller sites/applications but should clearly show the position of the tree(s), annotated as T1, T2 etc, in relation to buildings and a named road.  • For larger sites with numerous trees, it may be necessary to provide a plan showing only those trees subject to proposed works in order to provide clarity.  • Photographs showing the tree(s) subject of the application would be beneficial in assessing the proposal as would a colour coded plan.  Details of the proposed works to the tree(s) are required: Pruning works must be expressed in metres, except for crown thinning, that can be expressed as a percentage. If consent is granted it is vital that anyone implementing the consent can readily determine the extent of the works which have been approved without the need to seek further clarification.  Applications for works to a tree covered by a Tree Preservation Order must include reasons for the works. The greater the amenity value of the tree(s) and the greater the impact of the proposed works, the stronger the reasons must be to justify the works.	NDDE
Utilities, Sewage and Surface Water Drainage Strategy / Assessment	Major developments and Minor development which will increase the site coverage requiring connection to existing or new utility services	<ul> <li>The assessment should:</li> <li>Identify the location and spare capacity of the existing infrastructure</li> <li>Identify the proposed point of connection to existing systems, including high speed broadband services</li> <li>Identify where an increase in capacity is required and what</li> </ul>	NPPF

Uttlesford Urban Design Code Checklist	infrastructure, including gas and electricity supplies, water supply, foul and surface water disposal systems and any development affecting a water course.  Drainage assessment will generally be required in all instances where a Flood Risk Assessment is also required.  All major applications – only after the Urban Design Code has been adopted.	<ul> <li>measures these will involve,</li> <li>Identify where utility diversions will be required.</li> <li>Demonstrate that the applicant has consulted the relevant services and utility providers</li> <li>Provide details of surface water management systems; including sustainable urban drainage systems</li> <li>Demonstrate that service routes have been planned to avoid, as far as possible, damage to trees and archaeological remains, where appropriate.</li> <li>The Drainage Strategy must:</li> <li>Reflect the development proposal, including site, area, type of development, general arrangement and layout.</li> <li>Include all elements of the drainage strategy within the 'red line' boundary.</li> <li>Where development proposes non mains fouls drainage systems, the following form should be completed and submitted: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/foul-drainage-assessment-form-fda1">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/foul-drainage-assessment-form-fda1</a></li> <li>A completed checklist must be submitted with the application – checklist is at the back of the Design Code</li> </ul>	Uttlesford Local Plan & Supplementary
Ventilation / Extraction Statement	Development where retail, business, industrial, commercial, leisure or similar propose substantial ventilation or extraction equipment to be installed.	<ul> <li>Must include:</li> <li>A to scale schematic of the proposed ducting showing the location of all components (fan, filters, silencers etc).</li> <li>Submitted plans should include details of the external appearance – size, location and external appearance of plant and equipment – and written details outlining the technical specification of the proposed plant including odour abatement</li> </ul>	Documents
		<ul> <li>specification of the proposed plant including odour abatement techniques and location of waste storage</li> <li>A Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment</li> <li>An odour impact assessment, where ventilation or extraction is/will be located in the vicinity of residential dwellings or other sensitive receptors</li> </ul>	

		The statement must demonstrate that nuisance or pollution from cooking or other activities will not be cause by the proposed development.	
Viability Assessment / Appraisal	Major residential development  Any other major development where the deliverability of the scheme as designed needs to be understood  Any application proposing the loss of a public house (including change of use)  Any application proposing the demolition of or substantial harm to a designated or undesignated heritage asset  Any application where the viability of the existing use is relevant	Viability information should, where applicable include a scheme layout plan, Land Registry Title with Statement of Ownership giving the purchase price and also an explanation of the conditions of purchase and build. The Statement must be linked to the required Planning Obligations Statement. The assumptions for the following matters will need to be detailed (especially regarding residential development) and reflect the Standardised inputs as set out in Planning Practice Guidance:  The viability appraisal must be accompanied by an undertaking to meet the council's reasonable costs in having the statement independently reviewed.  Note: Any submitted Financial Viability Appraisal will be published on the Planning Register along with all other documents submitted as part of the planning application. If you consider that your financial viability information should not be disclosed, then you must submit an additional statement titled 'Financial Viability Appraisal – Exceptional Circumstances' detailing why you consider the FVA should not be made publicly available.  Exceptions to full disclosure will only be considered in very limited circumstances and only when the disclosure of any part of a viability assessment would cause demonstrable harm to the public interest to an extent that is not outweighed by the benefits of disclosure.	NPPF Uttlesford Local Plan
Waste Infrastructure Impact	Proposed development	Proposed development falling within 250m of permitted or	Requested by
Assessment	falling within 250m of permitted or existing	existing mineral and/or waste infrastructure, or land allocated for the same. This extends to	Essex County Council Minerals &

Waste Management Scheme	mineral and/or waste infrastructure, or land allocated for the same. This extends to 400m in the case of Water Recycling Centres.  Any application where a large amount of waste may be produced which may cause loss of amenity to	400m in the case of Water Recycling Centres.	Waste  Uttlesford Local Plan
	neighbouring residents for example – keeping horses, poultry, livestock etc.		
		Airport Safeguarding Cambridge requested - A link to the AOA	
<mark>if needed a Wildlife</mark> Hazard	a 13km radius of	Advice note 3 – Wildlife hazards Around Aerodromes can be	<u>Cambridge</u>
Management Plan.	Cambridge aerodrome that	found <u>here</u>	<u>Aerodrome</u>
	is likely to attract large	A link to the Civil Aviation Authority CAP 772 can be found here	
	numbers of hazardous	A link to the Civil Aviation Authority CAP 112 can be found here	
E: 01 1 1 E	(flocking or large) birds.		Article 9A of The
Fire Statement Form	Buildings over 18m or having 7		Town and Country
	storeys or more		Planning
	Storey's or more		(Development
			Management
			Procedure)
			(England) Order
			2015 ("the 2015
			Order") inserted by
			article 4 of the
			Town and Country
			Planning Pla
			(Development
			Management
			Procedure and
			Section 62A
			Applications)

			(England) (Amendment) Order 2021).
Memorandum of Understanding	With all applications submitted by or on behalf of Uttlesford District Council		
Biodiversity Net Gain	All applications unless	Completed current Biodiversity Metric calculation tool	The Environmental
	exempt exempt	Statement and Plans(s) drawn to an identified scale showing	<mark>Act</mark>
		the direction of North, showing onsite habitat including	2021(Commencem
		irreplaceable habitat	ent No.8
			Transitional
		Where Exempt – Exemption to be shown on Application Form	Provisions)Regulati
		Sufficient evidence to support exemption reason see Biodiversity	ons 2024
		net gain - Uttlesford District Council	The Biodiversity
		net gain Ottiesiona District Council	Gain Requirements
			(Exemptions)
			Regulations 2024
			The Biodiversity
			Gain (Town and
			Country Planning)(Modifica
			tions and
			Amendments)(En
			gland)
N. d. All I. i		cotronically and must comply with the appropriate Convright Logic	Regulations 2024

**Note**: All drawings must be suitable for scanning and display electronically, and must comply with the appropriate Copyright Legislation and permissions. Please note that applications can be submitted electronically via the Planning Portal - Applications - Applications - Planning Portal.

Major development is defined in planning as any development involving any one or more of the following:

- o the winning and working of minerals or the use of land for mineral-working deposits
- o waste development
- o the provision of dwellinghouses where the number of dwellinghouses to be provided is ten or more
- o the development is to be carried out on a site having an area of 0.5 hectares or more and it is not known whether the number of

dwellinghouses to be provided is ten or more

- □ the provision of a building or buildings where the floor space to be created by the development is 1,000 square metres or more
- $\ \ \square$  development is carried out on a site having an area of one hectare or more.



Appendix 1 – Checklist of what should be submitted with an application (in conjunction with Playing fields policy & guidance.) - Sport England recommends that planning applications affecting playing field landshould provide sport specific information in line with the below checklist. This information will enable Sport England to provide a substantive response to applications on which it is consulted. It will also aid the LPA to assess an application in light of P.99 of the NPPF and relevant Local Plan policies.

Document	Presenting details on				
	Required for all applications				
Consultation Notice	<ol> <li>The development proposed (description), timescales, case officer contact details and how information can be viewed.</li> </ol>				
Existing site	Extent of the playing field as defined by The Town and Country Planning				
plan	(Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015				
	Location and nature of existing buildings.				
	Location and nature of existing sports facilities				
	(including the layout of summer and winter playing pitches).				
	<ol> <li>Significant features (e.g. trees, slopes, paths, fences, sewers) 1.</li> </ol>				
	Existing levels across the site <sup>1</sup> .				
Proposed	Location and nature of the proposed development.				
site plan	8. Extent of playing field area to be lost (including the area covered by the				
	proposed development and any associated works e.g. landscaping).				
	9. Location and nature of all existing sports facilities (clearly showing any revised				
	locations from the existing plan).				
	<ol> <li>Any changes to existing features and levels¹.</li> </ol>				
Supporting	<ol><li>Extent of playing field area to be lost (area in hectares and see point 8 above).</li></ol>				
Statements	<ol><li>Reason for the chosen location and alternatives considered.</li></ol>				
	13. Any proposed changes in the provision of indoor and outdoor sports facilities on				
	the site (including ancillary facilities).	1 - 1			
	Required in relation to specific policy exceptions	Exception			
Drawings	14. Internal layouts and elevations for proposed new, extended or	2,4 & 5			
	enhanced sports facilities (including relevant ancillary facilities)1.	1,4 & 5			
Supporting Statements	<ol> <li>Current and recent users of the playing field and the nature and extent of their use.</li> </ol>				
	<ol><li>How the development fits with the findings of any relevant</li></ol>	1,4 & 5			
	assessment of need and/or sports related strategy (a copy of, or a				
	web link to, the assessment or strategy should be provided)12.				
	<ol> <li>How the development will be of benefit to sport (including benefit to existing and potential users) <sup>2</sup>.</li> </ol>	2,4 & 5			
	<ol> <li>The specification of any ancillary facilities e.g. floodlights<sup>1</sup>.</li> </ol>	2,4 & 5			
	<ol> <li>The specification of any Artificial Grass Pitch and reason for the chosen surface type<sup>2</sup>.</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>How any replacement area of playing field and ancillary facilities will be delivered (including to what timescale).</li> </ol>	4			
	21. How, for any replacement area of playing field, equivalent or better quality will be achieved and maintained, including <sup>3</sup> : <ul> <li>a. An assessment of the performance of the existing area;</li> <li>b. The programme of works (including pitch construction) for the creation of the proposed replacement area;</li> <li>c. A management and monitoring plan for the replacement area.</li> </ul>	4			

