

National Association of Standing Advisory Councils on Religious Education

# **SACRE self-assessment tool**

# Sections 4 & 5

# SACRE





supporting strengthening promoting

# The SACRE self evaluation Tool

### Introduction

This tool has been created to help SACREs in their essential role to advise its Local Authority (LA) and the local authority's schools in meeting the entitlement of pupils across the local authority to engage in high quality Religious Education and Collective Worship and support them to reflect on their practice. In an educational context where standards and accountability are at the top of the agenda, a SACRE's work has become increasingly challenging and diverse, but also more rewarding and stimulating. Good SACREs will therefore tackle their responsibilities and opportunities with enthusiasm, whilst recognising the need for realistic and ongoing appraisal and self-review.

In many ways SACREs reflect the work of governing bodies in schools, in so far as they act as critical friends to the local authority on matters of religious education and collective worship. Like school governors, members are unpaid volunteers who give up their time to support religious education (RE) and collective worship locally.

This Toolkit is an amended version of the 2015 update of this document. It takes account of changes in inspection arrangements and in the role of local authorities, and of the development of maintained schools independent of their local authority. It is designed to help individual SACREs evaluate their effectiveness, including considering their impact on pupils' educational experience and learning. It also helps SACREs review their organisational patterns and structures, and their partnership with the local authority and other key stakeholders.

The Toolkit highlights five key dimensions of a SACRE's work and provides exemplification of good practice. A SACRE that uses this self-evaluation guidance should gain a clear picture of its strengths, identify areas for further development, and establish its key priorities for action.

The DCSF publication "Religious education in English schools: Non-statutory guidance" (2010) ("the Guidance") remains the most recent official statement in this field: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/religious-education-guidance-in-english-schools-non-statutory-guidance-2010. The Guidance sets out the responsibilities of SACREs and Local Authorities as well as those of other stakeholders in RE. Key summaries from the Guidance are included in the Annex to this document.

#### Rationale

The SACRE self-evaluation toolkit focuses on the following five aspects of the work of SACREs:

- 1. Management of the SACRE and building the partnership between the SACRE, the LA and other key stakeholders
- 2. Promoting improvement in the standards, the quality of teaching, and provision in RE
- 3. Evaluating the effectiveness of the locally agreed syllabus
- 4. Promoting improvement in the provision and quality of collective worship
- 5. Contributing to cohesion across the community, highlighting diversity and the promotion of social and racial harmony.

Each aspect forms a section within the toolkit and each section is divided into focus questions to help SACREs explore their provision. Descriptors for 'Requires improvement/struggling', 'Developing', 'Established' and 'Advanced' practice will enable SACREs to evaluate their standing within each focus question.

In the final column SACREs may wish to identify any issues and action points within that focus as appropriate. Key priorities can then be identified at the end of each section to inform the development of an action plan.

The intention is that, over time, exemplars of good practice from different SACREs will be made available on an open website, together with annual reports, as a way of adding further support to SACREs and local authorities. Clearly the capacity of any SACRE to make the most of this will be dependent on the extent of the support it receives from, and the quality of its relationship with the Local Authority.

SACREs are invited to use the format of this evaluation in conjunction with their annual report.

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## Section 4. Collective worship

## How effectively does the SACRE fulfil its responsibilities for the provision and practice of collective worship?

Maintained schools are required to provide a daily act of collective worship for every pupil. In community schools not having a religious foundation, the acts of collective worship should be "wholly or mainly of a broadly Christian character", without being distinctive of any particular denomination. Part of a SACRE's role is to support the effective provision of collective worship in community schools and to advise the LA on issues related to provision and quality. It must also consider applications from head teachers in community schools that the requirement for collective worship to be wholly or mainly of a broadly Christian character be disapplied for some or all of the pupils in that school. SACRE 'determines' the appropriateness of that application and grants a 'determination' to those schools where the application is judged to be in the best interests of the pupils. All pupils in schools with determinations continue to have an entitlement to daily collective worship.

Collective worship can be a rich and rewarding element of the curriculum as a whole. SACREs have the opportunity to enhance the quality of collective worship by appropriate guidance and support.



Key Area:4a- Supporting pupil	entitlement	
	nable the SACRE to support the delivery of pupil entitlement in the LA's schools?	
<b>Requires</b> <b>improvement/struggling</b> A SACRE in this position would:	not have any knowledge regarding the provision collective worship nor have any mechanism in place to gain such knowledge.	
<b>Developing</b> A SACRE with developing practice would:	be unaware of the issues facing schools in providing collective worship as part of the pupil entitlement. provide little advice or support towards fulfilling pupil entitlement to collective worship.	
<b>Established</b> A SACRE with established practice would:	understand local issues of delivering pupil entitlement and of the challenges schools face in providing collective worship. provide some advice in support of delivering pupil entitlement and would seek to ensure that schools had access to, and advice on, appropriate resourcing towards delivering collective worship.	
<b>Advanced</b> A SACRE with advanced practice would:	have a balanced and realistic overview of provision and its challenges across the LA. provide or arrange for systematic support and guidance for schools experiencing difficulty in delivering pupil entitlement. obtain feedback from schools to evaluate the impact of advice and support, and periodically reviews its strategies for supporting pupil entitlement.	
Where are we and where do we find evidence to support this?		



Key Area: 4 <b>b – Enhancing the quality of provision of collective worship</b> How does SACRE seek to influence the quality of collective worship in the LA's schools?		
Requires improvement/struggling A SACRE in this position would:	not be able to influence the quality of CW due to lack of support either from the LA or CW/RE professional. have no knowledge of what good quality collective worship in schools can be or is.	
<b>Developing</b> A SACRE with developing practice would:	not be adequately supported by the LA or a RE professional for promoting quality of provision of collective worship. have agenda items about collective worship dominated by the issue of SACRE trying to find a mechanism for obtaining data. have little understanding of the nature and potential of collective worship and of what effective provision in each school might be.	
<b>Established</b> A SACRE with established practice would:	<ul> <li>have occasional agenda items on collective worship, with some insight into how collective worship is being delivered in the LA's schools.</li> <li>understand what effective provision is but members of the SACRE have little 'hands-on' experience of collective worship in schools.</li> <li>promote in-service support for teachers with responsibility for collective worship, and provides advice on enhancing quality of provision.</li> </ul>	
<b>Advanced</b> A SACRE with advanced practice would:	<ul> <li>have a good overview of quality of provision across the LA, with information from the LA and from presentations by schools.</li> <li>have first-hand experience of collective worship in schools.</li> <li>disseminate good practice in consultation with schools and teachers, sponsors an ongoing programme of inservice development, and assist schools in evaluating and enhancing the quality of their provision.</li> </ul>	
Where are we and where do we find evidence to support this?		

Key Area: 4 <b>c – Responding to requests for determinations</b> How robust are SACRE's procedures for responding to requests from schools for a determination?		
Requires improvement/struggling A SACRE in this position would:	not have any documentation for schools to use to make an application for a determination.	
<b>Developing</b> A SACRE with developing practice would:	have had little or no experience of any requests for a determination, and have given at most only minimal attention as to how it might respond to such a request. This is due to a lack of support provided to SACRE by the LA via a professional officer. be found unprepared and at risk of making an unsound decision or giving erroneous advice by a request for a determination.	
<b>Established</b> A SACRE with established practice would:	be aware that schools have the option of requesting a determination, and that SACRE has a major role in this process. have provided some training to its members regarding determinations, either directly through working on earlier requests, or through specific elements in developmental sessions be found by a request for a determination able to respond in an adequate but piecemeal fashion, without a systematic overview of this area of work.	
<b>Advanced</b> A SACRE with advanced practice would:	<ul> <li>be fully equipped for responding to requests for determinations, with a good understanding of SACRE's responsibilities.</li> <li>have a well-established and effective framework for responding to requests, with which members are familiar and comfortable.</li> <li>Meet a request with a judicious and well-informed appraisal of the request by SACRE, leading to a sound decision communicated clearly to the school in a context of ongoing advisory support.</li> <li>periodically review all existing determinations together with keeping the guidance from the RE professional .</li> </ul>	
Where are we and where do we find evidence to support this?		



Successes/ What are we good at?

**Barriers to success** 

Areas for development/ Action points:

- For the SACRE
- For the LA

Date of review (1)

Date of review (2)

Date of review (3)



# Section 5: Contribution of SACRE to promoting cohesion across the community

# How effectively does SACRE, in partnership with the Local Authority and the faith communities, contribute to the promoting of cohesion across the community?

"By community cohesion, we mean working towards a society in which there is a common vision and sense of belonging by all communities; a society in which the diversity of people's backgrounds and circumstances is appreciated and valued; a society in which similar life opportunities are available to all; and a society in which strong and positive relationships exist and continue to be developed in the workplace, in schools and in the wider community"<sup>1</sup>.

Schools play a major role in helping to shape the future of our society, and the duty laid on each school to promote community cohesion is a significant part of that role. One of the most obvious and effective contributors to the community cohesion agenda is Religious Education. SACREs should take every opportunity to promote the contribution of RE to the community cohesion programmes in local schools. Where properly supported by the LA, SACREs themselves can act as powerful vehicles for promoting community cohesion in schools, in education more widely, and in the local community. SACREs should exemplify good practice in their internal relations and in the ways in which they go about their business. Advice on the contribution of SACREs and RE to community cohesion is given in the Guidance.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Alan Johnson, Secretary of State for Education and Skills, speaking in Parliament on 2 November 2006. Based on the Government and the Local Government Association's definition first published in Guidance on Community Cohesion, LGA, 2002 and resulting from the Cantle Report in 2001.

Key Area: <b>5a – SACRE's membership</b>		
How representative is SACRE's membership of the local community?		
<b>Requires</b> <b>improvement/struggling</b> A SACRE in this position would:	rarely meet and its membership will include many vacancies. The LA needs to review its membership and constitution in partnership with the SACRE and fulfil its obligations to convene an appropriately diverse SACRE	
<b>Developing</b> A SACRE with developing practice would:	have a membership that is not necessarily strongly representative of the religious diversity of the local community. Its membership needs to be reviewed.	
Established A SACRE with established practice would:	have membership that broadly reflects the religious diversity of the local community. This is regularly reviewed by the SACRE in partnership with the LA particularly where there is a high mobility of communities.	
Advanced A SACRE with advanced practice would:	have strong representation from all major local religious communities including different groups within the same religious tradition (e.g. different Muslim or Christian communities). It would also endeavour to include representation from small local faith communities and / or have links with national bodies that can broker advice from those communities elsewhere in the UK.	
Where are we and where do we find evidence to support this?		

Key Area: <b>5b SACRE's understanding of the local area</b> How much do SACRE members know and understand the local community in its religious, cultural and ethnic dimensions?		
Requires improvement/struggling A SACRE in this position would:	meet rarely and this aspect of membership would not be an agenda item when they meet.	
<b>Developing</b> A SACRE with developing practice would:	have limited knowledge about the religious, cultural and ethnic diversity in the local area.	
<b>Established</b> A SACRE with established practice would:	be provided with a detailed analysis of the religious and cultural diversity within the LA and therefore be well aware of different groups representing the diversity within the local area. know about and have a relationship with local Inter Faith groups and the work that they do in the locality.	
<b>Advanced</b> A SACRE with advanced practice would:	have detailed knowledge of the nature of the religious, ethnic and cultural diversity in the local area and take active steps to inform itself further about the distinctive needs and opportunities created by this diversity. SACRE would have good liaison and seek to develop initiatives with local Inter Faith groups. The SACRE would be aware of the impact of this local context on schools and on the provision for RE and	



	collective worship in those schools.	
Where are we and where do we find evidence to support		
this?		

Key Area: <b>5c – SACRE's engagement with the community cohesion agenda.</b> How much does SACRE understand the contribution which RE/CW can make to a schools' provision for community cohesion?		
Requires improvement/struggling A SACRE in this position would:	have little or no grasp of what community cohesion means and little understanding of the contribution which RE can make to the community cohesion agenda. It may also have no opportunity to promote RE's contribution to cohesion.	
<b>Developing</b> A SACRE with developing practice would:	have a basic grasp of what community cohesion means and therefore a limited understanding of the contribution which RE can make to the community cohesion agenda. It may also have little opportunity to promote RE's contribution to cohesion.	
<b>Established</b> A SACRE with established practice would:	have an understanding of what community cohesion means and the duty on schools to promote this. The SACRE would understand and have a clear commitment to the part RE can play in promoting community cohesion and would seek to promote this throughout its work.	
<b>Advanced</b> A SACRE with advanced practice would:	understand what community cohesion means and be clear about the duty on schools and the LA to promote this. The members of SACRE would appreciate their key role in promoting RE's contribution to the community cohesion offer of its schools. SACRE would ensure this is explicit in the local Agreed Syllabus and related guidance.	
Where are we and where do we find evidence to support this?		

Key Area: <b>5d – SACRE's role within wider LA initiatives on community cohesion</b> How well is SACRE linked to or consulted about LA initiatives promoting community cohesion?		
Requires	be given no information about, or contact with, wider LA initiatives linked to the promotion of community	
improvement/struggling	cohesion.	
A SACRE in this position would:		



<b>Developing</b> A SACRE with developing practice would:	be given little information about, or contact with, wider LA initiatives linked to the promotion of community cohesion.	
<b>Established</b> A SACRE with established practice would:	be aware of some LA initiatives promoting community cohesion and have opportunity to discuss and contribute to this work.	
<b>Advanced</b> A SACRE with advanced practice would:	be a key partner and stakeholder in the work of the local authority in this area. be aware of local Inter-Faith groups and in regular communication with them to ensure opportunities to support high quality RE/CW in schools.	
Where are we and where do we find evidence to support this?		

#### Successes/ What are we good at?

#### **Barriers to success**

Areas for development/ Action points:

- For the SACRE
- For the LA

Date of review (1)

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# ANNEX

### The responsibilities of a Local Authority

The detailed rights and responsibilities of local authorities can be seen in full in *RE in English Schools: Non-statutory guidance 2010*. This can be found at <u>http://www.teachernet.gov.uk/teachingandlearning/subjects/re/guidance/</u>

In brief, local authorities are legally required to:

- establish a SACRE and appoint representatives to each of the four committees
- establish an occasional body called an agreed syllabus conference (ASC)
- institute a review of its locally agreed syllabus every five years
- appoint members of the committees represented on the ASC
- ensure that membership of group/committee A on the SACRE and ASC is broadly representative of the local area
- take all reasonable steps to ensure that SACRE and ASC membership is representative

# The responsibilities of a SACRE

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In brief, SACREs are legally required to:

- advise the local authority on RE and collective worship
- publish an annual report on their work
- send the annual report to QCDA (or its successor body)
- meet in public, unless confidential information is to be disclosed
- make their minutes available to the local authority and make provision for public access to their agenda and reports

The Guidance also indicates that SACREs should, as a matter of good practice:

- Monitor the provision for both RE and Collective Worship
- Provide advice and support on RE and Collective Worship to schools
- In partnership with the local authority, keep the locally agreed syllabus and provision in schools under review
- Offer advice to the local authority

In addition, SACREs may:

- Require their local authority to review the locally agreed syllabus
- Decide to advise their local authority
- Co-opt members who are not members of any of the four groups.

The Guidance also makes it clear that SACREs can and should make a strong contribution to the promotion of community cohesion in schools and in the local community through their promotion of good quality RE and through their operation as a SACRE.

